# **Unit Four** Multiplication

# **Topic A: Introduction and Multiplication Facts**

Multiplication is a fast way to add. Multiplication is used when the amounts to be added are the same.

How many groups are there? 7

7 groups of 3 = 21

This can be written as a multiplication equation.

 $7 \times 3 = 21$ 

 $\times$  is the sign that means to multiply. We often say "times" for this multiplication sign.

The result of a multiplication is called the **product**.

The numbers that are multiplied together are called **factors**.

 $7 \times 3 = 21$  The **factors** are 7 and 3.

The **product** is 21.

## **Exercise One**

For each drawing, write the addition equation and find the total. Then write the multiplication equation that describes the same drawing and find the product. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise.

	Drawing	Addition Equation	Multiplication Equation
a)	0000 0000		
	0000	4 + 4 + 4 = 12	$3 \times 4 = 12$
b)	666666 666666		
c)			
d)	88888 88888		
	ଚଚଚଚଚ ଚଚଚଚଚ		
e)	******		
	******		
	*****		
	******		
f)	*** ***		
	***		
g)	** ** ** **		
	X X X X X X X		
	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		

Answers to Exercise One	
a) $4 + 4 + 4 = 12$	$3 \times 4 = 12$
b) $6 + 6 = 12$	$2 \times 6 = 12$
c) $3+3+3+3+3=15$	$5 \times 3 = 15$
d) $5+5+5+5=20$	$4 \times 5 = 20$
e) $8 + 8 + 8 + 8 = 32$	$4 \times 8 = 32$
f) $3 + 3 + 3 = 9$	$3 \times 3 = 9$
g) 2+2+2+2+2+2+2+2+2+2+2=22	$11 \times 2 = 22$

### **Exercise Two**

For each drawing, write the addition equation and find the total. Then write the multiplication equation that describes the same drawing and find the product. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise.

	Drawing	Addition Equation	Multiplication Equation
a)	ΔΔΔΔ         ΔΔΔΔ           ΔΔΔΔ         ΔΔΔΔ           ΔΔΔΔ         ΔΔΔΔ		
b)	<b>ф</b> фф <b>ф</b> фф <b>ф</b> фф <b>ф</b> фф <b>ф</b> фф <b>ф</b> фф		
c)	***** ***** ***** ***** ***** ***** ***** *****		
d)			
e)	000000       000000         000000       000000         000000       000000         000000       000000         000000       000000         000000       000000         000000       000000         000000       000000		

6	*** *** ***	
f)	*** ***	
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	
g)	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $	

Answers to Exercise Two				
a)	4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 24	$6 \times 4 = 24$		
b)	3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 21	$3 \times 7 = 21$		
c)	5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 40	$5 \times 8 = 40$		
d)	7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 = 35	$7 \times 5 = 35$		
e)	6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 = 54	$6 \times 9 = 54$		
f)	3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 15	$3 \times 5 = 15$		
g)	8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 = 56	$8 \times 7 = 56$		

### **Exercise Three**

For each drawing, write the addition equation and find the total. Then write the multiplication equation that describes the same drawing and find the product. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise.

	Drawing	Addition Equation	Multiplication Equation
a)			
<i>a)</i>			

1		
b)		
	11111	
	** ** ** **	
c)	** ** ** **	
d)		
	**** ****	
e)	**** ****	
	<b>***</b>	
	*** *** ***	
f)	*** *** *** ***	
	*** *** ***	
	$\odot$ $\odot$ $\odot$ $\odot$	
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$	
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$	
g)	$\odot$ $\odot$ $\odot$ $\odot$	
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$	
	$\odot$ $\odot$ $\odot$ $\odot$	
	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$	

Answers to Exercise Three				
a) $8+8+8+8+8+8=48$	$6 \times 8 = 48$			
b) $5+5+5+5+5+5+5=35$	$7 \times 5 = 35$			
c) $2+2+2+2+2+2+2+2=16$	$8 \times 2 = 16$			
d) $6+6+6=18$	$3 \times 6 = 18$			
e) $5+5+5+5=25$	$5 \times 5 = 25$			
f) $3+3+3+3+3+3+3+3+3+3+3=30$	$10 \times 3 = 30$			
g) $4+4+4+4+4+4+4=28$	$7 \times 4 = 28$			

# **Exercise Four** Look at the examples. Complete the chart. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise.

**Example A:** 2 x 3 is read as "two times three" and means 3 + 3

3 x 2 is read as "three times three" and means 2 + 2 + 2

	"is read as"	means
5 x 7	five times seven	7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7
2 x 5		
3 x 4		
5 x 2		
4 x 8		
2 x 7		
3 x 5		
2 x 8		
3 x 9		
6 x 4		
7 x 3		

	"is read as"	means
5 x 7	five times seven	7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7
2 x 5	two times five	5 + 5
3 x 4	three times four	4 + 4 + 4
5 x 2	five times two	2+2+2+2+2
4 x 8	four times eight	8 + 8 + 8 + 8
2 x 7	two times seven	7 + 7
3 x 5	three times five	5 + 5 + 5
2 x 8	two times eight	8 + 8
3 x 9	three times nine	9 + 9 + 9
6 x 4	six times four	4+4+4+4+4+4
7 x 3	seven times three	3+

Adding will give the answer to multiplication questions but it is very slow, especially if the numbers are large. The **times tables** are the multiplication facts. You may need to memorize the times tables. You will use the times tables for multiplying, dividing, and working with fractions.

0	×	any	number = 0	
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any number x = 0

$0 \mathbf{x} 0 = 0$	0 x 0 = 0
0 x 1 = 0	$1  \mathrm{x}  0 = 0$
$0 \ge 2 = 0$	$2 \times 0 = 0$
$0 \times 3 = 0$	$3 \times 0 = 0$
0 = 4 = 0	$4 \times 0 = 0$
$0 \ge 5 = 0$	$5 \times 0 = 0$
$0 \ x \ 6 = 0$	$6 \times 0 = 0$
0 = 7 = 0	$7 \ x \ 0 = 0$
$0 \ x \ 8 = 0$	$8 \times 0 = 0$
0 = 0	$9 \times 0 = 0$
$0 \times 10 = 0$	$10 \ x \ 0 = 0$

1	×	any	number	=	that	numł	ber
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$1 \times 0 = 0$
$1 \times 1 = 1$
$1 \times 2 = 2$
$1 \times 3 = 3$
$1 \times 4 = 4$
$1 \times 5 = 5$
$1 \times 6 = 6$
$1 \times 7 = 7$
$1 \times 8 = 8$
$1 \times 9 = 9$
$1 \times 10 = 10$

0 + 0 = 0	$2 \times 0 = 0$
1 + 1 = 2	$2 \times 1 = 2$
2 + 2 = 4	$2 \times 2 = 4$
3 + 3 = 6	$2 \times 3 = 6$
4 + 4 = 8	$2 \times 4 = 8$
5 + 5 = 10	$2 \times 5 = 10$
6 + 6 = 12	$2 \times 6 = 12$
7 + 7 = 14	$2 \times 7 = 14$
8 + 8 = 16	$2 \times 8 = 16$
9 + 9 = 18	$2 \times 9 = 19$
10 + 10 = 20	$2 \times 10 = 20$

Can you see a pattern? If you forget a multiplication fact with 2, you can just add.

Example:  $2 \times 4 = 4 + 4 = 8$  $2 \times 7 = 7 + 7 = 14$  The three times table is special. The digits of each product adds up to 3, 6 or 9. You will know your answer is right if you add the digits of the product (the answer for a multiplication question) and the answer is 3, 6 or 9.

$3 \times 0 = 0$	
3 x 1 = 3	3
$3 \times 2 = 6$	6
$3 \times 3 = 9$	9
$3 \times 4 = 12$	$12 \gg 1 + 2 = 3$
$3 \times 5 = 15$	$15 \gg 1 + 5 = 6$
$3 \times 6 = 18$	$18 \gg 1 + 8 = 9$
$3 \times 7 = 21$	21 » 2 + 1 = 3
$3 \times 8 = 24$	$24 \gg 2 + 4 = 6$
$3 \times 9 = 27$	27 » 2 + 7 = 9
$3 \times 10 = 30$	$30 \gg 3 + 0 = 3$

**Exercise Five** Check out your **multiplication facts** by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the zero to three times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a) 2 b) 3 c) 1 d) 0   

$$x2$$
  $x3$   $x4$   $x1$ 

e) 1	f) $2$	g) 0	h) 3
<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 1</u>
i) 0	j) 1	k) 3	l) 2
<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 5</u>
m) 3	n) 0	o) 2	p) 1
<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 9</u>
q) 1	r) 2	s) 0	t) 3
<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 2</u>
u) 3	v) 1	w) 2	x) 0
<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 5</u>
y) 2	z) 0	aa) 3	bb) 1
<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 2</u>
wers to Exercise Five			

An	Answers to Exercise Five												
a)	4	b)	9	c)	4	d)	0	e)	7	f)	6	g)	0
h)	3	i)	0	j)	8	k)	12	1)	10	m)	15	n)	0
o)	8	p)	9	q)	1	r)	2	s)	0	t)	6	u)	27
v)	10	w)	16	x)	0	y)	18	z)	0	aa)	30	bb)	2

<b>Exercise Six</b>	Check out your multiplication facts by doing this exercise as
	quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes
	the zero to three times tables. Check your work using the
	answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any
	multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow –
	practice them.

a) 0	b) 3	c) 1	d) 2
<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 0</u>	<u>x 6</u>
e) 3	f) 0	g) 2	h) 1
<u>x 0</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 3</u>
i) 2	j) 3	k) 1	l) 0
<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 6</u>
m) 0	n) 1	o) 3	p) 2
<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 0</u>
q) 1	r) 2	s) 0	t) 3
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 7</u>
u) 0	v) 2	w) 3	x) 1
<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 0</u>

	y)	2		Z		0		aa)	1		bb)		3
		<u>x 0</u>			<u>X</u>	0			<u>x 10</u>			<u>x 8</u>	<u>8</u>
An	swers to E	verci	ise Six										
a)	0		18	c)	0	d)	12	e)	0	f)	0	g)	14
h)	3	i)	20	j)	21	k)		1)	0	m)			6
o)	24	p)	0		6	r)	18	s)	0	t)	21	u)	0
v)	8	w)	30	x)	0	y)	0	z)	0	aa)	10	bb)	24

**Exercise Seven** Check out your **multiplication facts** by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product (the **answer** for a multiplication question). This exercise includes the zero to three times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a)	1 <u>x 3</u>	b)	3 <u>x 0</u>	c)	2 <u>x 5</u>	d)	0 <u>x 7</u>
e)	3 <u>x 3</u>	f)	1 <u>x 9</u>	g)	0 <u>x 8</u>	h)	2 <u>x 6</u>
i)	1 <u>x 1</u>	j)	2 <u>x 10</u>	k)	3 <u>x 9</u>	1)	0 <u>x 5</u>

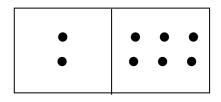
m) 2 <u>x 7</u>		1 <u>x 5</u>	0)	0 <u>x 2</u>	p)	3 <u>x 5</u>
q) 0 <u>x 9</u>	r)	3 <u>x 6</u>	s)	2 <u>x 2</u>	t)	1 <u>x 7</u>
u) 3 <u>x 4</u>	v)	0 <u>x 6</u>	w)	1 <u>x 4</u>	x)	2 <u>x 8</u>
y) 1 <u>x 8</u>	z)	0 <u>x 4</u>	aa)	2 <u>x 1</u>	bb)	3 <u>x 2</u>
cc) 2 <u>x 3</u>	dd)	3 <u>x 1</u>	ee)	0 <u>x 3</u>	ff)	1 <u>x 2</u>
gg) 3 <u>x 8</u>	hh)	2 <u>x 7</u>	ii)	1 <u>x 2</u>	jj)	0 <u>x 6</u>
kk) 0 <u>x 9</u>	11)	1 <u>x 8</u>	mm)	3 <u>x 7</u>	nn)	2 <u>x 9</u>
00) 2 <u>x 8</u>	pp)	3 <u>x 6</u>	qq)	1 <u>x 7</u>	rr)	3 <u>x 9</u>

Ans	Answers to Exercise Seven												
a)	3	b)	0	c)	10	d)	0	e)	9	f)	9	g)	0
h)	12	i)	1	j)	20	k)	27	1)	0	m)	14	n)	5
0)	0	p)	15	q)	0	r)	18	s)	4	t)	7	u)	12
v)	0	w)	4	x)	16	y)	8	z)	0	aa)	2	bb)	6
cc)	6	dd)	3	ee)	0	ff)	2	gg)	24	hh)	14	ii)	2
jj)	0	kk)	0	11)	8	mm	) 21	nn)	18	00)	16	pp)	18
qq)	7	rr)	27										

**Need Extra Practice? Domino Practice -** Find a partner and ask your instructor for double twelve dominoes.

- Use only the following dominoes:
  - 0-0 to 0 -10
  - 1-1 to 1-10
  - 2-2 to 2-10
  - 3-3 to 3-10
- Turn over the dominoes
- Flip a domino and multiply the two numbers

#### Example:



#### This would be 2 x 6

- If you answer correctly, keep the domino
- If you answer incorrectly, flip the domino over

$4 \times 0 = 0$
$4 \times 1 = 4$
$4 \times 2 = 8$
$4 \times 3 = 12$
4 x 4 = 16
$4 \times 5 = 20$
$4 \times 6 = 24$
4 x 7 = 28
4 x 8 = 32
$4 \times 9 = 36$
$4 \times 10 = 40$

The fives times table is special. If you are multiplying by an even number, the product ends in zero. If you are multiplying by an odd number, the product ends in five.

$5 \times 0 = 0$
$5 \times 1 = 5$
5 x 2 = 10
$5 \times 3 = 15$
5 x 4 = 20
$5 \times 5 = 25$
$5 \times 6 = 30$
5 x 7 = 35
$5 \times 8 = 40$
$5 \times 9 = 45$
$5 \times 10 = 50$

The products for the odd numbers 1, 3, 5, 7 and 9 end in five.

The products for the even numbers 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 end in 10.

Study the six times tables below.

$6 \times 0 = 0$
6 x 1 = 6
$6 \times 2 = 12$
$6 \times 3 = 18$
6 x 4 = 24
$6 \times 5 = 30$
6 x 6 = 36
6 x 7 = 42
$6 \times 8 = 48$
$6 \times 9 = 54$
$6 \times 10 = 60$

# **Exercise Eight** Check out your **multiplication facts** by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the four to six times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a) 5	b) 6	c) 4	d) 5
<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 5</u>
e) 6	f) 4	g) 5	h) 6
<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 6</u>
i) 4	j) 5	k) 6	l) 4
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 5</u>
m) 5	n) 6	o) 4	p) 5
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 0</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 0</u>
q) 4	r) 5	s) 6	t) 4
<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 0</u>
u) 6	v) 4	w) 5	x) 6
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 9</u>

y) 4	,		aa) 5	bb)	4
<u>x 1</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>x 10</u>		<u>x 10</u>
Answers to Exercise Eight					
a) 15 b) 42	c) 8	d) 25	e) 12	f) 12	g) 5
h) 36 i) 16	j) 20	k) 18	1) 20	m) 40	n) 0
o) 24 p) 0	q) 36	r) 10	s) 48	t) 0	u) 24
v) 32 w) 45	x) 54	y) 4	z) 30	aa) 50	bb) 40

**Exercise Nine** Check out your **multiplication facts** by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the four to six times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a) 5	b) 6	c) 4	d) 5
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 7</u>
e) 6	f) 4	g) 5	h) 6
<u>x 10</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 3</u>
i) 4	j) 5	k) 6	l) 4
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 7</u>

q)       5       r)       6       s)       4       t)       5 $x.7$ $x.6$ $x.0$ $x.10$ u)       4       v)       5       w)       6       x)       4 $x.9$ $x.1$ $x.5$ $x.3$ y)       5       z)       6       aa)       4       bb)       5         x9 $x.2$ $x.1$ $x.5$ $x.3$ y)       5       z)       6       aa)       4       bb)       5         x9 $x.2$ $x.1$ $x.5$ $x.1$ $x.0$ Asswers to Exercise Nine $x.2$ $x.1$ $x.1$ $x.0$ $x.2$ $x.1$ $x.1$ $x.0$ $x.9$ $x.2$ $x.1$ $x.0$ $x.9$ $x.2$ $x.1$ $x.0$ $x.1$ $x.0$ $x.0$ $x.0$ $x.1$ $x.2$ $x.1$ $x.0$ $x.1$ $x.2$ $x.1$ $x.0$ $x.1$ $x.2$ $x.1$ $x.0$ $x.1$ $x.2$ <t< th=""><th>m)</th><th>6 <u>x 9</u></th><th>n)</th><th>4 <u>x 5</u></th><th>0)</th><th>5 <u>x 2</u></th><th>p)</th><th>6 <u>x 0</u></th></t<>	m)	6 <u>x 9</u>	n)	4 <u>x 5</u>	0)	5 <u>x 2</u>	p)	6 <u>x 0</u>
y)       5       z)       6       aa)       4       bb)       5         x 9       x 2       x 1       x 0         Answers to Exercise Nine         a)       30       b)       6       c)       28       d)       35       e)       60       f)       8       g)       20         h)       18       i)       16       j)       30       k)       24       l)       28       m)       54       n)       20         o)       10       p)       0       q)       35       r)       36       s)       0       t)       36	q)		r)		s)		t)	
Answers to Exercise Nine         a) 30       b) 6       c) 28       d) 35       e) 60       f) 8       g) 20         h) 18       i) 16       j) 30       k) 24       l) 28       m) 54       n) 20         o) 10       p) 0       q) 35       r) 36       s) 0       t) 50       u) 36	u)		v)	5 <u>x 1</u>	w)	6 <u>x 5</u>	x)	4 <u>x 3</u>
a) 30b) 6c) 28d) 35e) 60f) 8g) 20h) 18i) 16j) 30k) 24l) 28m) 54n) 20o) 10p) 0q) 35r) 36s) 0t) 50u) 36	y)	5 <u>x 9</u>	Z)	6 <u>x 2</u>	aa)		bb)	5 <u>x 0</u>
a) 30b) 6c) 28d) 35e) 60f) 8g) 20h) 18i) 16j) 30k) 24l) 28m) 54n) 20o) 10p) 0q) 35r) 36s) 0t) 50u) 36								
h)18i)16j)30k)24l)28m)54n)20o)10p)0q)35r)36s)0t)50u)36								
o) 10 p) 0 q) 35 r) 36 s) 0 t) 50 u) 36								
			-					

**Exercise Ten** Check out your multiplication facts by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the four to six times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow practice them. d) a) 6 b) 5 c) 4 6 <u>x 8</u> <u>x 3</u> <u>x 8</u>

<u>x 1</u>

i) $5 \\ x5 \\ x10 \\ x7 \\ x1 \\ x5 \\ x10 \\ x1 \\ x5 \\ x2 \\ x2 \\ x4 \\ x1 \\ x5 \\ x2 \\ x4 \\ x1 \\ x1 \\ x5 \\ x2 \\ x4 \\ x1 \\ x1 \\ x1 \\ x2 \\ x2 \\ x4 \\ x1 \\ x1 \\ x1 \\ x1 \\ x1 \\ x1 \\ x2 \\ x2$		e)	4 <u>x 6</u>		f)	5 <u>x 8</u>		g)	6 <u>x 7</u>	h)	4 <u>x 10</u>	
q)       6       r)       4       s)       5       t)       6 $x 9$ $x 3$ $x 4$ $x 1$ u)       5       v)       6       w)       4       x)       5 $x 9$ $x 6$ $x 8$ $x 2$ y)       6       z)       4       aa)       5       bb)       6 $x 8$ $x 5$ $x 3$ $x 0$ 5       bb)       6         x 8 $x 5$ $x 3$ $x 0$ 5       bb)       6 $x 8$ $x 5$ $x 3$ $x 0$ 5 $x 0$ Aswers to Exercise Ten $x 3$ $x 3$ $x 0$ a)       48       b)       15       c)       32       d)       6       e)       24       f)       40       g)       42         b)       40       i)       25       j)       60       k)       28       l)       30       m)       4       n)       25         o)       12       p)       16       q)       54       r)       12       s)       20       t)       6       u)<		i)	5 <u>x 5</u>		j)	6 <u>x 10</u>		k)	4 <u>x 7</u>	1)	5 <u>x 6</u>	
u)       5       v)       6       w)       4       x)       5         x 9       x 6       x 8       x 2         y)       6       z)       4       aa)       5       bb)       6         x 8       x 5       x 3       x 0         Answers to Exercise Ten         a)       48       b)       15       c)       32       d)       6       e)       24       f)       40       g)       42         b)       40       i)       25       j)       60       k)       28       l)       30       m)       4       n)       25         o)       12       p)       16       q)       54       r)       12       s)       20       t)       6       u)       45		m)	4 <u>x 1</u>		n)	5 <u>x 5</u>		0)	6 <u>x 2</u>	p)	4 <u>x 4</u>	
y)       6       z)       4       aa)       5       bb)       6         x       8       x       5       x       3       x       0         Answers to Exercise Ten $x$ <th></th> <th>q)</th> <th>6 <u>x 9</u></th> <th></th> <th>r)</th> <th>4 <u>x 3</u></th> <th></th> <th>s)</th> <th>5 <u>x 4</u></th> <th>t)</th> <th>6 <u>x 1</u></th> <th></th>		q)	6 <u>x 9</u>		r)	4 <u>x 3</u>		s)	5 <u>x 4</u>	t)	6 <u>x 1</u>	
Answers to Exercise Ten         a) 48       b) 15       c) 32       d) 6       e) 24       f) 40       g) 42         h) 40       i) 25       j) 60       k) 28       l) 30       m) 4       n) 25         o) 12       p) 16       q) 54       r) 12       s) 20       t) 6       u) 45		u)	5 <u>x 9</u>		v)	6 <u>x 6</u>		w)	4 <u>x 8</u>	x)	5 <u>x 2</u>	
a) 48b) 15c) 32d) 6e) 24f) 40g) 42h) 40i) 25j) 60k) 28l) 30m) 4n) 25o) 12p) 16q) 54r) 12s) 20t) 6u) 45		y)	6 <u>x 8</u>		z)	4 <u>x 5</u>		aa)	5 <u>x 3</u>	bb)	6 <u>x 0</u>	
a) 48b) 15c) 32d) 6e) 24f) 40g) 42h) 40i) 25j) 60k) 28l) 30m) 4n) 25o) 12p) 16q) 54r) 12s) 20t) 6u) 45												
h) 40i) 25j) 60k) 28l) 30m) 4n) 25o) 12p) 16q) 54r) 12s) 20t) 6u) 45						32	d) 6		24	f) 40	$\sigma$ ) $42$	
o) 12 p) 16 q) 54 r) 12 s) 20 t) 6 u) 45							<i>,</i>			,		
v) 36 w) 32 x) 10 y) 48 z) 20 aa) 15 bb) 0												
	v)	36	-	32	-		y) 48	z)	20	aa) 15	bb) 0	

**Need Extra Practice?** Card Practice - Find a partner and ask your instructor for a deck of cards.

- Take out all the jacks, queens and kings. You will only need the aces to tens.
- Choose a times table to practice.
- **Example:** to practice the 5 times table
- Choose a single 5 card and place it face up.
- Shuffle the remainder of the cards.
- From the shuffled cards, place one card face up next to the five.
- Multiply. Have your partner check your answer.
- If the answer is correct, leave it on the pile.
- If the answer is incorrect, place the card in front of you.
- Keep turning cards over until there are no cards left.
- Reshuffle any cards in front of you.
- Place a card on the pile and multiply.
- When all the cards are in the pile, you are done.
- Choose a different times table to practice and start again.

# **Exercise Eleven** Check out your **multiplication facts** by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the zero to six times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a) <u>x</u>	6 <u>3</u>	b)	5 <u>x 7</u>	c)	0 <u>x 2</u>	d)	6 <u>x 4</u>
e) <u>x</u>	1 <u>5</u>	f)	2 <u>x 3</u>	g)	3 <u>x 3</u>	h)	4 <u>x 2</u>
i) <u>x</u>	2 2	j)	6 <u>x 7</u>	k)	5 <u>x 8</u>	1)	4 <u>x 9</u>
m) <u>x</u>	5 <u>1</u>	n)	2 <u>x 4</u>	0)	3 <u>x 10</u>	p)	2 <u>x 5</u>
q) <u>x</u>	1 <u>3</u>	r)	3 <u>x 5</u>	s)	4 <u>x 6</u>	t)	6 <u>x 7</u>
u) <u>x</u>	6 <u>5</u>	v)	3 <u>x 4</u>	w)	5 <u>x 0</u>	x)	4 <u>x 10</u>

y) 1	z) 3	aa) 4	bb) 6
<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 0</u>	<u>x 9</u>
cc) 6	dd) 1	ee) 3	ff) 2
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 0</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 9</u>

<ul> <li>a) 18</li> <li>h) 8</li> <li>o) 30</li> </ul>	i)	35 4	c) j)	0 42	d) k)		e)		f)	6	g)	9
		4	j)	42	k)	10						
o) 30	<b>`</b> ```				K)	40	1)	36	m)	5	n)	8
	) p)	10	q)	3	r)	15	s)	24	t)	42	u)	30
v) 12	2 w)	0	x)	40	y)	9	z)	6	aa)	0	bb)	54
cc) 36	5 dd	) 0	ee)	21	ff)	18						

**Exercise Twelve** 

Check out your multiplication facts by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the zero to six times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a) 3	b) 1	c) 4	d) 3
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 6</u>
e) 4	f) 6	g) 3	h) 5
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 5</u>

	i) 4 <u>x 8</u>	j) 1 <u>x 1</u>		k)	5 <u>x 3</u>	l)	3 <u>x 9</u>
	m) 2 <u>x 7</u>	n) 6 <u>x 0</u>		0)	4 <u>x 3</u>	p)	5 <u>x 6</u>
	q) 1 <u>x 8</u>	r) 0 <u>x 5</u>		s)	5 <u>x 9</u>	t)	1 <u>x 7</u>
	u) 5 <u>x 4</u>	v) 2 <u>x 8</u>		w)	6 <u>x 3</u>	x)	5 <u>x 10</u>
	y) 2 <u>x 0</u>	z) 6 <u>x 8</u>		aa)	5 <u>x 2</u>	bb)	4 <u>x 5</u>
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{cc)}  1\\ \underline{x \ 4} \end{array}$	dd) 2 <u>x 10</u>		ee)	6 <u>x 1</u>	ff)	2 <u>x 1</u>
	s to Exercise Ty			,			
<ul><li>a) 24</li><li>h) 25</li></ul>	<ul><li>b) 6</li><li>i) 32</li></ul>	c) 28 j) 1	<ul><li>d) 18</li><li>k) 15</li></ul>	e) 1)	16 27	f) 12 m) 14	g) 3 n) 0
o) 12	p) 30	q) 8	r) 0	s)		t) 7	u) 20
v) 16 cc) 4	<ul><li>w) 18</li><li>dd) 20</li></ul>	x) 50 ee) 6	y) 0 ff) 2	z)	48	aa) 10	bb) 20

## **Exercise Thirteen**

Check out your **multiplication facts** by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the zero to six times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a) <u>x</u>	1 <u>1</u>	b)	6 <u>x 10</u>	c)	4 <u>x 1</u>	d)	3 <u>x 0</u>
e) <u>x</u>	5 <u>7</u>	f)	4 <u>x 10</u>	g)	2 <u>x 1</u>	h)	1 <u>x 7</u>
i) <u>x</u>	0 <u>6</u>	j)	6 <u>x 4</u>	k)	1 <u>x 2</u>	1)	0 <u>x 10</u>
m) <u>x</u>	1 <u>3</u>	n)	5 <u>x 8</u>	0)	6 <u>x 7</u>	p)	4 <u>x 5</u>
q) <u>x</u>	6 <u>5</u>	r)	3 <u>x 10</u>	s)	5 <u>x 0</u>	t)	1 <u>x 10</u>
u) <u>x</u>	5 <u>6</u>	v)	6 <u>x 3</u>	w)	4 <u>x 7</u>	x)	4 <u>x 8</u>

y) 6	z) 5	aa) 3	bb)	6
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x</u>	<u>8</u>
$\begin{array}{c} cc)  6\\ \underline{x \ 2} \end{array}$	dd) 4	ee) 3	ff)	2
	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x</u>	9

Ans	Answers to Exercise Thirteen												
a)	1	b)	60	c)	4	d)	0	e)	35	f)	40	g)	2
h)	7	i)	0	j)	24	k)	2	1)	0	m)	3	n)	40
o)	42	p)	20	q)	30	r)	30	s)	0	t)	10	u)	30
v)	18	w)	28	x)	32	y)	36	z)	25	aa)	27	bb)	48
cc)	12	dd)	24	ee)	21	ff)	18						

7 x 0 = 0
7 x 1 = 7
7 x 2 = 14
$7 \times 3 = 21$
7 x 4 = 28
$7 \times 5 = 35$
$7 \times 6 = 42$
7 x 7 = 49
$7 \times 8 = 56$
7 x 9 = 63
$7 \times 10 = 70$

Study the eight times	table below.
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$8 \times 0 = 0$
8 x 1 = 8
$8 \times 2 = 16$
8 x 3 = 24
8 x 4 = 32
$8 \times 5 = 40$
8 x 6 = 48
8 x 7 = 56
8 x 8 = 64
8 x 9 = 72
8 x 10 = 80

The nines times table is special. The digits of every product add up to nine. Also the first digit in the product is one less than the number you are multiplying

$9 \times 0 = 0$	
9 x 1 = 9	9
$9 \times 2 = 18$	18 » 1 + 8 = 9
9 x 3 = 27	27 » 2 + 7 = 9
9 x 4 = 36	$36 \gg 3 + 6 = 9$
$9 \times 5 = 45$	$45 \gg 4 + 5 = 9$
$9 \times 6 = 54$	54 » 5 + 4 = 9
9 x 7 = 63	63 » 6 + 3 = 9
9 x 8 = 72	72 » 7 + 2 = 9
9 x 9 = 81	81 » 8 + 1 = 9
9 x 10 = 90	90 » 9 + 0 = 9

<b>Exercise Fourteen</b>	Check out your multiplication facts by doing this			
	exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This			
	exercise includes the seven to nine times tables. Check			
	your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise.			
	Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not			
	know or which are slow – practice them.			

a) 7	b) 8	c) 9	d) 7
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 0</u>	<u>x 2</u>
e) 9	f) 7	g) 8	h) 9
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 0</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 1</u>
i) 8	j) 9	k) 7	l) 8
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 0</u>
m) 9	n) 7	o) 8	p) 9
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 10</u>
q) 7	r) 8	s) 9	t) 7
<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 10</u>
u) 8	v) 9	w) 7	x) 8
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 2</u>

	y)	7 <u>x 3</u>		Z	.)	8 <u>x 5</u>		aa)	9 <u>x 9</u>		bb)	<u>x 8</u>	7 <u>8</u>	
An	swers to <b>E</b>	Exerc	ise Four	rteen										
a)	28	b)	24	c)	0	d)	14	e)	54	f)	0	g)	64	
h)	9	i)	48	j)	18	k)	63	1)	0	m)	36	n)	49	
0)	8	p)	90	q)	35	r)	32	s)	27	t)	70	u)	64	
v)	45	w)	7	x)	16	y)	21	z)	40	aa)	81	bb)	56	

Exercise Fifteen		Check out your <b>multiplication facts</b> by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the seven to nine times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.						
a) 8 <u>x 7</u>	b)	9 <u>x 8</u>	c)	7 <u>x 6</u>	d)	8 <u>x 10</u>		
e) 9 <u>x 7</u>	f)	7 <u>x 3</u>	g)	8 <u>x 6</u>	h)	9 <u>x 1</u>		
i) 8 <u>x 3</u>	j)	7 <u>x 7</u>	k)	9 <u>x 4</u>	1)	8 <u>x 9</u>		

m)	9 <u>x 6</u>	n)	8 <u>x 1</u>	0)	7 <u>x 0</u>	p)	9 <u>x 2</u>
q)	7 <u>x 9</u>	r)	9 <u>x 9</u>	s)	8 <u>x 2</u>	t)	7 <u>x 2</u>
u)	8 <u>x 8</u>	v)	7 <u>x 1</u>	w)	9 <u>x 7</u>	x)	8 <u>x 4</u>
y)	7 <u>x 4</u>	z)	9 <u>x 3</u>	aa)	8 <u>x 0</u>	bb)	7 <u>x 10</u>

Ans	swers to	Exerci	se Fifte	en									
a)	56	b)	72	c)	42	d)	80	e)	63	f)	21	g)	48
h)	9	i)	24	j)	49	k)	36	1)	72	m)	54	n)	8
o)	0	p)	18	q)	63	r)	81	s)	16	t)	14	u)	64
v)	7	w)	63	x)	32	y)	28	z)	27	aa)	0	bb)	70

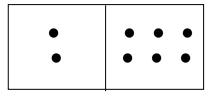
Exercise Sixteen		exercise exercise your wo Then, n	e as quickly e includes t ork using th nake a list o	he seven to e answer ke	e. Find the nine times y at the end plication f	product. This tables. Check of the exercise. acts you do not
a) 9 <u>x 0</u>	b)	8 <u>x 7</u>	c)	7 <u>x 5</u>	d)	9 <u>x 5</u>
e) 7 <u>x 6</u>	f)	9 <u>x 8</u>	g)	8 <u>x 5</u>	h)	7 <u>x 8</u>
i) 9 <u>x 8</u>	j)	8 <u>x 10</u>	k)	7 <u>x 4</u>	1)	9 <u>x 10</u>
m) 8 <u>x 6</u>	n)	7 <u>x 7</u>	0)	9 <u>x 3</u>	p)	8 <u>x 9</u>
q) 9 <u>x 4</u>	r)	8 <u>x 3</u>	s)	7 <u>x 3</u>	t)	9 <u>x 8</u>
u) 8 <u>x 8</u>	v)	9 <u>x 9</u>	w)	7 <u>x 2</u>	x)	8 <u>x 2</u>

	y)	7 <u>x 9</u>		Z	z)	8 <u>x 1</u>		aa)	9 <u>x 6</u>		bb)	<u>x (</u>	-	
An	swers to	Exerci	ise Six	teen										
a)	0	b)	56	c)	35	d)	45	e)	42	f)	72	g)	40	
h)	56	i)	72	j)	80	k)	28	1)	90	m)	48	n)	49	
0)	27	p)	72	q)	36	r)	24	s)	21	t)	72	u)	64	
v)	81	w)	14	x)	16	y)	63	z)	8	aa)	54	bb)	0	

#### **Need Extra Practice?**

**Domino Practice -** Find a partner and ask your instructor for double twelves dominoes.

- Use only the following dominoes:
  - 1-0 to 0 -10
  - 1-2 to 1-10
  - 2-2 to 2-10
  - 3-3 to 3-10
  - 4-4 to 4-10
  - 5-5 to 5-10
  - 6-6 to 6-10
  - 7-7 to 7-10
  - 8-8 to 8-10
  - 9-9 to 9-10
  - 10-10
- Turn over the dominoes
- Flip a domino and multiply the two numbers **Example:**



#### This would be 2 x 6

• If you answer correctly, keep the domino

# If you answer incorrectly, flip the domino over Need Extra Practice? Card Practice - Find a partner and ask your instructor for a deck of cards.

- Take out all the jacks, queens and kings. You will only need the aces to tens.
- Choose a times table to practice.
- **Example:** to practice the 8 times table
- Choose a single 8 card and place it face up.
- Shuffle the remainder of the cards.
- From the shuffled cards, place one card face up next to the five.
- Multiply. Have your partner check your answer.
- If the answer is correct, leave it on the pile.
- If the answer is incorrect, place the card in front of you.
- Keep turning cards over until there are no cards left.
- Reshuffle any cards in front of you.
- Place a card on the pile and multiply.
- When all the cards are in the pile, you are done.
- Choose a different times table to practice and start again.

### **Exercise Seventeen**

Check out your **multiplication facts** by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the zero to nine times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a) 3 <u>x 1</u>	b)	5 <u>x 2</u>	c)	0 <u>x 9</u>	d)	4 <u>x 8</u>
e) 6 <u>x 5</u>	f)	1 <u>x 3</u>	g)	7 <u>x 6</u>	h)	1 <u>x 4</u>
i) 8 <u>x 7</u>	j)	9 <u>x 0</u>	k)	3 <u>x 6</u>	1)	5 <u>x 7</u>
m) 1 <u>x 9</u>	n)	8 <u>x 3</u>	0)	2 <u>x 5</u>	p)	0 <u>x 1</u>
q) 7 <u>x 0</u>	r)	4 <u>x 2</u>	s)	6 <u>x 8</u>	t)	9 <u>x 4</u>
u) 4 <u>x 5</u>	v)	6 <u>x 2</u>	w)	7 <u>x 1</u>	x)	5 <u>x 8</u>

y) 3 <u>x 9</u>	Z)	9 <u>x 7</u>	aa)	1 <u>x 3</u>	bb)	0 <u>x 4</u>
cc) 8 <u>x 0</u>	dd)	2 <u>x 6</u>	ee)	7 <u>x 3</u>	ff)	5 <u>x 5</u>
gg) 6 <u>x 1</u>	hh)	3 <u>x 7</u>	ii)	2 <u>x 4</u>	jj)	8 <u>x 9</u>
kk) 9 <u>x 2</u>	11)	1 <u>x 6</u>	mm)	4 <u>x 0</u>	nn)	0 <u>x 8</u>

Ans	Answers to Exercise Seventeen												
a)	3	b)	10	c)	0	d)	32	e)	30	f)	3	g)	42
h)	4	i)	56	j)	0	k)	18	1)	35	m)	9	n)	24
0)	10	p)	0	q)	0	r)	8	s)	48	t)	36	u)	20
v)	12	w)	7	x)	40	y)	27	z)	63	aa)	3	bb)	0
cc)	0	dd)	12	ee)	21	ff)	25	gg)	6	hh)	21	ii)	8
jj)	72	ll)	18	11)	6	mm	) 0	nn)	0				

# **Exercise Eighteen**

Check out your **multiplication facts** by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the zero to nine times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a) 5 <u>x 9</u>	b)	6 <u>x 3</u>	c)	1 <u>x 8</u>	d)	2 <u>x 2</u>
e) 4 <u>x 7</u>	f)	0 <u>x 5</u>	g)	7 <u>x 4</u>	h)	9 <u>x 6</u>
i) 8 <u>x 1</u>	j)	3 <u>x 0</u>	k)	4 <u>x 4</u>	1)	7 <u>x 8</u>
m) 9 <u>x 5</u>	n)	5 <u>x 3</u>	0)	0 <u>x 9</u>	p)	6 <u>x 0</u>
q) 3 <u>x 2</u>	r)	1 <u>x 1</u>	s)	8 <u>x 6</u>	t)	2 <u>x 7</u>
u) 2 <u>x 9</u>	v)	5 <u>x 1</u>	w)	9 <u>x 3</u>	x)	7 <u>x 5</u>

y) 1 <u>x 0</u>	Z)	3 <u>x 8</u>	aa)	0 <u>x 7</u>	bb)	6 <u>x 4</u>
cc) 8 $\underline{x 2}$	dd)	4 <u>x 6</u>	ee)	8 <u>x 5</u>	ff)	5 <u>x 6</u>
gg) 3 <u>x 4</u>	hh)	2 <u>x 8</u>	ii)	0 <u>x 3</u>	jj)	6 <u>x 7</u>
kk) 1 <u>x 10</u>	11)	4 <u>x 9</u>	mm)	9 <u>x 1</u>	nn)	7 <u>x 2</u>

Ans	Answers to Exercise Eighteen												
a)	45	b)	18	c)	8	d)	4	e)	28	f)	0	g)	28
h)	54	i)	8	j)	0	k)	16	1)	56	m)	45	n)	15
0)	0	p)	0	q)	6	r)	1	s)	48	t)	14	u)	18
v)	5	w)	27	x)	35	y)	0	z)	24	aa)	0	bb)	24
cc)	16	dd)	24	ee)	40	ff)	30	gg)	12	hh)	16	ii)	0
jj)	42	kk)	10	11)	36	mm	) 9	nn)	14				

# **Exercise Nineteen** Check out your **multiplication facts** by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the zero to nine times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a) 1	b) 3	c) 6	d) 5
<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 4</u>
e) 7	f) 8	g) 2	h) 4
<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 0</u>	<u>x 1</u>
i) 0	j) 9	k) 4	l) 9
<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 9</u>
m) 1	n) 6	o) 3	p) 0
<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 6</u>
q) 4	r) 2	s) 1	t) 7
<u>x 2</u>	<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 9</u>
u) 8	$\begin{array}{c} v) & 0 \\ \underline{x \ 2} \end{array}$	w) 5	x) 9
<u>x 4</u>		<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 8</u>

	y)	2 <u>x 5</u>		z	)	0 <u>x 0</u>			aa)	6 <u>x 4</u>		bb)	<u>x 7</u>	3 <u>7</u>
	cc)	8 <u>x 2</u>		dd	)	7 <u>x 5</u>			ee)	1 <u>x 1</u>		ff)	X	3 <u>2</u>
Ans	swers to <b>E</b>	Xerci	se Ninetee	n										
a)	2	b)	9	c)	36	(	d)	20	e)	49	f)	64	g)	0
h)	4	i)	0	j)	54	1	k)	12	1)	81	m)	7	n)	54
o)	15	p)	0	q)	8	1	r)	2	s)	5	t)	63	u)	32
v)	0	w)	5	x)	72		y)	10	z)	0	aa)	24	bb)	21
cc)	16	dd)	35	ee)	1	t	ff)	6						

**Exercise Twenty** 

Check out your multiplication facts by doing this exercise as quickly as possible. Find the product. This exercise includes the zero to nine times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

a) 5	b) 7	c) 6	d) 9
<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 7</u>
e) 6	f) 7	g) 2	h) 4
<u>x 3</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 1</u>	<u>x 3</u>

i) 9 <u>x 5</u>	j)	3 <u>x 1</u>		k)	7 <u>x 6</u>	1)	9 <u>x 2</u>
m) 4 <u>x 1</u>	n)	6 <u>x 2</u>		0)	9 <u>x 9</u>	p)	5 <u>x 3</u>
q) 9 <u>x 4</u>	r)	8 <u>x 5</u>		s)	7 <u>x 4</u>	t)	6 <u>x 1</u>
u) 7 <u>x 1</u>	v)	5 <u>x 2</u>	,	w)	8 <u>x 8</u>	x)	9 <u>x 8</u>
y) 8 <u>x 4</u>	z)	7 <u>x 7</u>	a	aa)	8 <u>x 1</u>	bb)	2 <u>x 6</u>
cc) 4 <u>x 8</u>	dd)	5 <u>x 6</u>	e	ee)	1 <u>x 7</u>	ff)	0 <u>x 9</u>
Answers to Exercise Twenty							
a) 20 b) 21	c) 30	d)	63	e)	18	f) 42	g) 2
h) 12 i) 45	j) 3		42	1)	18	m) 4	n) 12
o)     81     p)     15       v)     10     w)     81	<ul><li>q) 36</li><li>x) 72</li></ul>		40 32	s) z)	28 49	t) 6 aa) 8	u) 7 bb) 12
v)     10     w)     81       cc)     32     dd)     30	<ul><li>x) 72</li><li>ee) 7</li></ul>	•	0 0	L)	77	<i>aa)</i> 0	00) 12

Make a list of any errors that you have made and of the facts that you had to really think about.

As you know, it is very important to memorize the times tables. Use the **times table chart** on the next page until you have all the multiplication facts memorized. It is better to look up the right answer than use the wrong product. Finding the right product and saying the facts to yourself will help you learn.

# **Times Table Chart**

Let's say you do not know the product of  $8 \times 9$ .

- Find the first factor (8) in the column at the left.
- Find the second factor (9) in the top row.
- Go across the row from the 8 and straight down the column from the 9.
- The lines meet at the product which is 72 ... Try it! Now try finding the products of some other multiplication facts.

×	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	0	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	0	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	0	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

#### **Times Table Chart**

Times Tables are very difficult to memorize. Here's a technique that may help you to learn them.

An instructor used this technique to teach his students the times tables. It does require you to do some work and will take some time. But, if you are willing, you will learn them. Here's how it works.

Most people can only memorize three things; as soon as they try to memorize a fourth thing, they lose one of the first three. So, instead of trying to memorize the complete times table (which is 121 things), just do three.

Start with these three.

$$9 \times 9 = 81$$
  
 $8 \times 8 = 64$   
 $8 \times 9 = 72$ 

If you know any of these already, for example, you automatically know that  $9 \times 9 = 81$ , choose another one, like  $7 \times 7 = 49$ .

Write these three on small cards or pieces of paper in three different ways:

$9 \times 9 = 81$	9 × 9 =	9 ×	= 81
$8 \times 8 = 64$	<b>8</b> × <b>8</b> =	8 ×	= 64
$8 \times 9 = 72$	8 × 9 =	8 ×	= 72

Note:  $8 \times 9 = 72$  and  $9 \times 8 = 72$ . Both are the same, so when you learn  $8 \times 9$  you will also know  $9 \times 8$ . You will have learned part of the 8 times table and part of the 9 times table.

Do a number of these and stick them up around your house – over the kitchen sink, on your bathroom mirror, on your closet door, etc. Then, every time you see one of these, run through it in your mind. It only takes about 5 seconds each time. After about a week or two, you will have learned these three. If anyone were to ask you what  $9 \times 9$  was, you would automatically know that it is 81. You wouldn't have to figure it out; you would know it. And, once you know it, you will never forget it.

Once you have master these three, do three more, like  $7 \times 7 = 49$ ,  $7 \times 8 = 56$ ,  $7 \times 9 = 63$ . Again, make up small cards and put them all over your house. In another week or so, you will have learned these and can do another three.

If you are willing to do the work, you will learn your times tables. And, once you learn them, you will never forget them. That will make your work in mathematics much easier, and maybe even more fun. Try it! It does work.

# **Multiplying Across**

So far you have only been multiplying numbers when they are **up and down** or **vertical**.

Example: 4  $\frac{x 5}{20}$ 

Another way to multiply numbers is **across** or **horizontally**.

**Example:**  $4 \times 5 = 20$ 

In math, sometimes you will need to work from left to right.

Exercis	se One	This exercise includes the a your work using the answer	s or horizontally. Find the product. zero to nine times tables. Check key at the end of the exercise. Then, cation facts you do not know or hem.
a)	2 x 6 =	b)	5 x 4 =
c)	7 x 3 =	d)	3 x 6 =
e)	8 x 5 =	f)	4 x 7 =
g)	9 x 2 =	h)	6 x 5 =
i)	5 x 3 =	j)	3 x 8 =
k)	7 x 7 =	l)	2 x 9 =
m)	4 x 6 =	n)	6 x 9 =

o)	8 x 8 =	p)	9 x 4 =
q)	3 x 9 =	r)	4 x 4 =
s)	6 x 7 =	t)	9 x 6 =

An	swers	to Exerc	ise On	e									
a)	12	b)	20	c)	21	d)	18	e)	40	f)	28	g)	18
h)	30	i)	15	j)	24	k)	49	1)	18	m)	24	n)	54
o)	64	p)	36	q)	27	r)	16	s)	42	t)	54		

**Exercise Two** Practice multiplying **across or horizontally.** Find the product. This exercise includes the zero to nine times tables. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise. Then, make a list of any multiplication facts you do not know or which are slow – practice them.

	a)	2 x 7 =	b)	5 x 8 =
--	----	---------	----	---------

c)  $7 \times 9 =$  d)  $8 \times 4 =$ 

- e)  $4 \times 5 =$  f)  $6 \times 8 =$
- g)  $8 \times 7 =$  h)  $9 \times 3 =$
- i)  $5 \times 6 =$  j)  $3 \times 7 =$

k)	7 x 6 =	1)	2 x 8 =
m)	5 x 5 =	n)	4 x 8 =
0)	6 x 6 =	p)	7 x 8 =
q)	8 x 9 =	r)	9 x 7 =
s)	5 x 7 =	t)	9 x 9 =

An	swers to <b>E</b>	Exerci	ise Two	)										
a)	14	b)	40	c)	63	d)	32	e)	20	f)	48	g)	56	
h)	27	i)	30	j)	21	k)	42	1)	16	m)	25	n)	32	
o)	36	p)	56	q)	72	r)	63	s)	35	t)	81			

To	pic A: Se	lf-Test	Mark /20	Aim 17/20
A.	Find the proc	lucts. Be sure to che	ck your answers.	16 marks
	a) 3 <u>x 3</u>	b) 4 <u>x 9</u>	c) 6 <u>x 4</u>	d) 7 <u>x 8</u>
	e) 8 <u>x 3</u>	f) 9 <u>x 5</u>	g) 3 <u>x 9</u>	h) 6 <u>x 9</u>
	i) 7 <u>x 7</u>	j) 4 <u>x 8</u>	k) 8 <u>x 9</u>	1) 2 <u>x 5</u>
	m) 3 <u>x 7</u>	n) 4 <u>x 6</u>	o) 5 <u>x 9</u>	p) 6 <u>x 7</u>
B.	Find the proc	lucts. Be sure to che	ck your answers.	4 marks
	,	x 5 =	b) 8 x 6 =	
	c) 9 x	x 8 =	d) 7 x 4 =	

b)	26										
b)	26										
	36	c)	24	d)	56	e)	24	f)	45		
h)	54	i)	49	j)	32	k)	72	1)	10		
n)	24	o)	45	p)	42						
b)	48	c)	72	d)	28						
	n)	<ul><li>h) 24</li><li>b) 48</li></ul>	n) 24 o)	n) 24 o) 45	n) 24 o) 45 p)	n) 24 o) 45 p) 42					

# Topic B: Multiplying by 10, 100, and 1 000

When multiplying by 10, 100, 1 000, 10 000, etc., place as many zeros to the right of the number as there are zeros in the 10, 100, 1 000, etc..

To multiply by 10 put one zero after the number. To multiply by 100 put two zeros after the number. To multiply by 1 000 put three zeros after the number.

	$4 \times 100 = 400$
	100 has two zeroes. Put two zeroes after the number.
Example:	4 x 100 =

Exercise	One	Find the products. end of the exercise	•	our work using the answer key at the
a)	10 x 2 =		b)	9 x 100 =
c)	100 x 3 =		d)	1 x 1 000 =
e)	6 x 100 =		f)	10 x 7 =
g)	100 x 10 =		h)	$2 \times 10 =$
i)	5 x 10 =		j)	$1\ 000\ x\ 1\ =$
k)	0 x 10 =		1)	$1\ 000\ x\ 9\ =$
m)	4 x 1 000 =		n)	$10 \ x \ 0 =$

0)	100 x 8 =	p)	3 x 1 000 =
q)	10 x 5 =	r)	7 x 1 000 =
s)	$1\ 000\ x\ 6\ =$	t)	8 x 10 =
u)	$100 \ x \ 4 =$	v)	1 x 100 =
w)	$1\ 000\ x\ 3=$	x)	10 x 100 =

An	swers to <b>E</b>	Exerci	ise One										
a)	20	b)	900	c)	300	d)	1 000	e)	600	f)	70	g)	1 000
h)	20	i)	50	j)	1 000	k)	0	1)	9 000	m)	4 000	n)	0
o)	800	p)	3 000	q)	50	r)	7 000	s)	6 000	t)	80	u)	400
v)	100	w)	3 000	x)	1 000								

**Exercise Two** Find the products. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise.

- a) 100 x 9 = b) 10 x 1 000 =
- c)  $10 \times 9 =$  d)  $1 \ 000 \times 8 =$

e)  $6 \times 10 =$  f)  $100 \times 0 =$ 

g)  $3 \times 100 =$  h)  $10 \times 1 =$ 

i)	100 x 1 =	j)	5 x 1 000 =
k)	8 x 100 =	l)	$1\ 000\ x\ 4\ =$
m)	9 x 10 =	n)	10 x 100 =
o)	10 x 6 =	p)	5 x 100 =
q)	1 x 10 =	r)	9 x 1 000 =
s)	$100 \times 6 =$	t)	10 x 8 =
u)	3 x 10 =	v)	$1\ 000\ x\ 0\ =$
w)	2 x 1 000 =	x)	$1\ 000\ x\ 7\ =$

Ans	Answers to Exercise Two												
a)	900	b)	10 000	c)	90	d)	8 000	e)	60	f)	0	g)	300
h)	10	i)	100	j)	5 000	k)	800	l)	4 000	m)	90	n)	1 000
o)	60	p)	500	q)	10	r)	9 000	s)	600	t)	80	u)	30
v)	0	w)	2 000	x)	7 000								

**Exercise Three** 

Find the products. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise.

- a)  $8 \times 1000 =$  b)  $100 \times 7 =$
- c)  $4 \times 10 =$  d)  $1 \ 000 \times 2 =$
- e)  $10 \times 3 =$  f)  $7 \times 100 =$

g)	$0 \times 1\ 000 =$	h)	100 x 2 =
i)	10 x 10 =	j)	1 000 x 5 =
k)	0 x 100 =	l)	10 x 4 =
m)	2 x 100 =	n)	6 x 1 000 =
o)	100 x 5 =	p)	1 000 x 10 =
q)	7 x 10 =	r)	100 x 10 =
s)	4 x 100 =	t)	3 x 1 000 =
u)	9 x 10 =	v)	10 x 10 =
w)	10 x 7 =	x)	$1\ 000\ x\ 5\ =$

Ans	swers to E	xerci	se Three										
a)	8 000	b)	700	c)	40	d)	2 000	e)	30	f)	700	g)	0
h)	200	i)	100	j)	5 000	k)	0	1)	40	m)	200	n)	6 000
o)	500	p)	10 000	q)	70	r)	1 000	s)	400	t)	3 000	u)	90
v)	100	w)	70	x)	5 000								

To	pic B:	Self-Test	Mark	x /18	Aim 15/18
A.	Find the	products. Be sure to	check your ans	wers.	6 marks
	a)	3 x 10 =	b)	6 x 100 =	
	c)	8 x 1 000 =	d)	7 x 1 000 =	
	e)	4 x 100 =	f)	5 x 10 =	

В.	Find the	products. Be sure to check	your ar	iswers.	6 marks
	a)	10 x 10 =	b)	1 000 x 9 =	
	c)	100 x 10 =	d)	$100 \ x \ 2 =$	
	e)	10 x 0 =	f)	1 000 x 4 =	

C.	Find the	products. Be sure to check	x your ai	nswers.	6 marks
	a)	10 x 6 =	b)	$1\ 000\ x\ 7=$	
	c)	$100 \ x \ 4 =$	d)	5 x 1 000 =	
	e)	8 x 10 =	f)	10 x 100 =	

An	swers to T	opic	B Self-Tes	t							
<b>A.</b> a)	30	b)	600	c)	8 000	d)	7 000	e)	400	f)	50
<b>B.</b> a)	100	b)	9 000	c)	1 000	d)	200	e)	0	f)	4 000
<b>C.</b> a)	60	b)	7 000	c)	400	d)	5 000	e)	80	f)	1 000

# **Topic C: Word Problems**

Learning multiplication facts is very important. Once you know them all, you can use them to solve word problems.

Words such as **product**, **altogether** and **in all** tell you may need to multiply the numbers. Look for these words when reading word problems and <u>underline</u> them before trying to solve a problem. Circle the information that is given.

**Example:** Mr. Wong rides his bicycle 6 kilometres every day. How far will he ride altogether in 9 days?

Mr. Wong rides his bicycle 6 kilometres) every day. <u>How far will he</u> ride altogether in 9 days?

You have circled 6 kilometres and 9 days. This is the information you will use to find the answer.

You have underlined "<u>How far will he ride</u>." These words tell you to multiply.

$$\begin{array}{r}
6 \text{ kilometres} \\
\underline{x \ 9} \\
54
\end{array}$$

Mr. Wong will ride 54 kilometres in 9 days.

#### **Exercise One**

Solve each of the following word problems. Be sure to <u>underline</u> the words that tell you to multiply. Circle the information that is given. Have your instructor check your <u>underlining</u> and circling.

a) There are 5 rows of mailboxes in an apartment building. There are 7 mailboxes in each row. How many mailboxes are there in all?

b) At the grocery store, there are 8 cans of corn in each row. There are 6 rows of corn. How many cans of corn are there altogether?

c) There are 7 days in a week. How many days are there in 4 weeks?

d) Thalia walks 6 blocks each day going to and from college. How many blocks does she walk going to and from college 5 days a week?

e) There are 8 chairs around each table in the library. There are 9 tables in the library. How many chairs are around all the tables?

f) Barindra works 7 hours each day. How many hours will he work in 6 days?

g) Milton bought 5 cases of pop. Each case had 8 cans. How many cans of pop did Milton have?

h) There are 8 hotdogs in a package. How many hotdogs are there in 7 packages?

i) Solita placed 7 cupcakes on a plate. She filled 3 plates. How many cupcakes were there altogether?

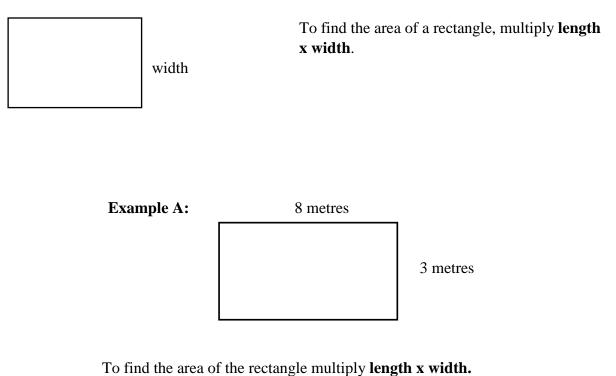
An	swers to Exercise One						
a)	35 mailboxes	b)	48 cans	c)	28 days	d)	30 blocks
e)	72 chairs	f)	42 hours	g)	40 cans	h)	56 hotdogs
i)	21 cupcakes						

# Area

Area means the surface that is inside a shape. The units of measure of area are always square units (meaning having both length and width).

#### **Rectangle**

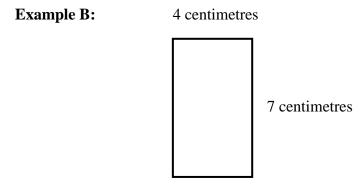
length



Area = length x width

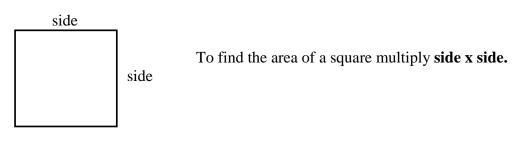
Area = 8 metres x 3 metres

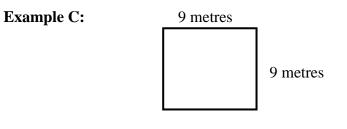
Area = 24 square metres



To find the area of the rectangle multiply **length x width. Area = length x width Area = 4 centimetres x 7 centimetres Area = 28 square centimetres** 

#### <u>Square</u>





To find the area of the square multiply **side x side**. **Area = side x side Area = 9 metres x 9 metres Area = 81 square metres** 

# **Exercise Two**

Find the area of each shape. Be sure to include the units of measure in your answer. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the exercise.

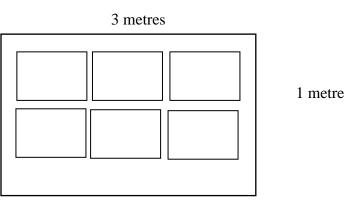
1 metre

2 metres

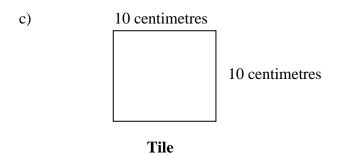
Door

b)

a)



Window



d) A floor is 8 metres long and 4 metres wide. What is the area of the floor? (Hint: Draw a picture.)

An	swers to Exercise Two				
a)	2 square metres	b)	3 square metres	c)	100 square centimetres
d)	32 square metres				

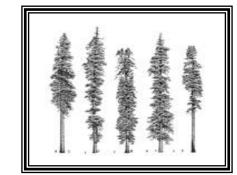
- A. Solve each of the following word problems.8 marksBe sure to include the unit of measure in your answer. (2 marks each)8Be sure to (circle) information and <u>underline</u> what is being asked.8
  - a) Diego puts 6 apples into each bag. How many apples are there in 4 bags?

b) Alain wants to walk up 6 flights of stairs. There are 10 steps in each flight. How many steps will he have to walk up altogether?

c) In the metric system, 10 millimetres equals 1 centimetre. How many millimetres are there in 100 centimetres? (**Hint:** Multiply the number of centimeters by 10.)

d) Find the area of the picture

5 metres



3 metres

#### Answers to Topic C Self-Test

a) 24 apples b) 60 steps

ps c) 1

1 000 millimetres

d) 15 square metres

# **Unit 4 Review - Multiplication**

You will now practice all the skills you learned in Unit 4. Check your work using the answer key at the end of the review

P. Find the products.

a) 0	b) 4	c) 3	d) 2
<u>x 7</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 3</u>
e) 3	f) 6	g) 7	h) 8
<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 4</u>	<u>x 8</u>
i) 9	j) 6	k) 5	l) 9
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 5</u>	<u>x 9</u>	<u>x 9</u>
m) 3	n) 4	o) 8	p) 7
<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 8</u>	<u>x 6</u>	<u>x 8</u>

Q.

#### Multiply across or horizontally.

7 x 7 = 9 x 7 = a) b)  $2 \times 9 =$ c) d) 4 x 4 = 5 x 7 =  $3 \times 4 =$ e) f) 8 x 5 = 6 x 4 = g) h)

#### **R.** Find the products.

- a)  $10 \times 4 =$  b)  $7 \times 100 =$
- c)  $100 \times 5 =$  d)  $1 \times 10 =$
- e)  $1\ 000\ x\ 8=$  f)  $10\ x\ 9=$
- g)  $100 \times 8 =$  h)  $7 \times 1000 =$
- i) 1 000 x 2 = j) 6 x 10 =
- k) 9 x 100 = 1) 4 x 1 000 =

#### S. Word Problems.

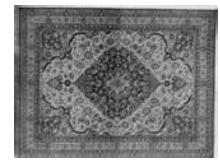
a) During a fishing derby, 8 people caught 7 fish each. How many fish were caught in all?

b) Manuel was told to make 10 rows of 6 cans each. How many cans were there in all?

c) For graduation, there were 10 rows of 100 chairs each. How many chairs were there altogether?

d) In the cafeteria, there are 9 tables with 8 chairs at each table. How many chairs are there in all?

e) Find the area of the rug. Remember to include the units of measure.



- 9 metres
  - 7 metres

f) Find the area of the photograph.



10 centimetres

Answers to Unit 4 Review											
А.											
a)	0	b)	36	c)	15	d)	6	e)	24	f)	36
g)	28	h)	64	i)	54	j)	30	k)	45	1)	81
m)	18	n)	32	o)	48	p)	56				
B.											
a)	49	b)	63	c)	18	d)	16	e)	12	f)	35
g)	40	h)	24								
C.											
a)	40	b)	700	c)	500	d)	10	e)	8 000	f)	90
g)	800	h)	7 000	i)	2 000	j)	60	k)	900	1)	4 000
D.											
a)	56 fish			b)	60 cans		c)	1 000 chairs			
d)	72 chairs			e)	63 square metres		f)	70 square centimetres			